

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A symmetric cyanine of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ W \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} X \\ R_1 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_1 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_1 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_1 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_2 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_3 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_3 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_3 \\ R_3 \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_3$$

wherein:

X is selected from the group consisting of 0, S and $C(CH_3)_2$; W represents non-metal atoms required to form a benzo-condensed or a naphto-condensed ring;

 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of $(CH_2)_nCH_3$, $(CH_2)_nSO_3^-$ and $(CH_2)_nSO_3H$, wherein n is an integer selected from 0 to 6 when R_1 is $(CH_2)_nCH_3$, and n is an integer selected from 3 to 6 when R_1 is $(CH_2)_nSO_3^-$ or $(CH_2)_nSO_3H$;

 R_2 and R_3 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, a sulphonic moiety and a sulphonate moiety and Q is a substituted polymethine bridge.